

U.S. Growth and Inflation to Revive in Sync

Underlying inflation pressures remain in a cyclical upswing that we called early last year, while inflation expectations have risen from February's multiyear lows to the highest readings since 2014.

Cyclical Sizzle In relatively short order, both the Trump administration and a more hawkish Fed will need to react to the economic conditions predicted by ECRI — the "[c]oncurrent cyclical upturns in economic growth and inflation [that] are likely to shape the U.S. cyclical landscape in the months ahead." Already, our prediction that "year-over-year (yoy) CPI inflation, which is ... at a 26-month high, is going to rise further" (¬USCO Essentials, December 2016) is being borne out by a spurt in that metric to a 31-month high.

Six months ago, we flagged a plunge in inflation expectations, which were approaching February's multiyear lows. Regardless, with our U.S. Future Inflation Gauge (USFIG) climbing to an eight-year high, we declared that "inflation is likely to rise further in the next few months. In effect, this is a Baked-Alaska economy, with a chilly core of structural lowflation and a sizzling topping of cyclical inflation" (**TUSCO Essentials, July 2016).

The USFIG remains in its cyclical upswing, staying near its recent 8½-year high (Chart 1, upper panel). Following its lead, 5-year inflation expectations have now surged to their highest readings since the summer of 2014 (lower panel, light blue line). In tandem, 10-year inflation expectations have ramped up to their highest readings since the early fall of 2014 (dark blue line).

President Trump has promised a pace of jobs growth that is quadruple the next eight years' projected labor force growth,

requiring a return to the demographics of the 1950s, 1960s and 1970s.

Chart 1: Forward-Looking Measures of Inflation

